

Debian Squeeze Kernel Compilation

Install linux-source

```
sudo apt-get install linux-source-2.6.32
```

Install required packages

```
sudo apt-get install fakeroot bzip2 kernel-package libncurses-dev
```

Install build dependencies

```
sudo apt-get build-dep linux-source-2.6.32
```

Add your username to src group

```
sudo adduser `whoami` src
```

Logout and login back into your box to reflect your new group status

Change directory to /usr/src

```
cd /usr/src
```

Extract the source

```
tar xjvf linux-source-2.6.32.tar.bz2
```

Create a symlink to the extracted linux source folder

```
ln -s linux-source-2.6.32 linux
```

```
cd linux
```

Prepare for building linux kernel

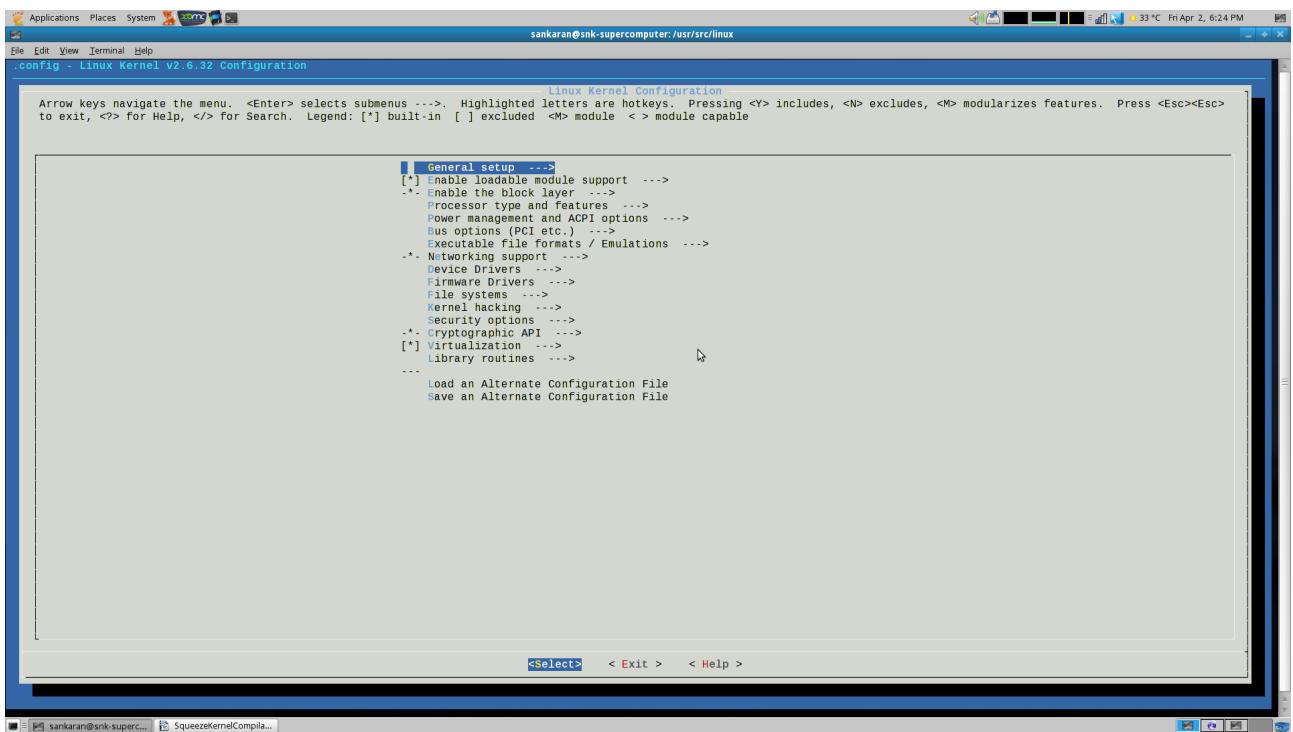
make clean

make mrproper

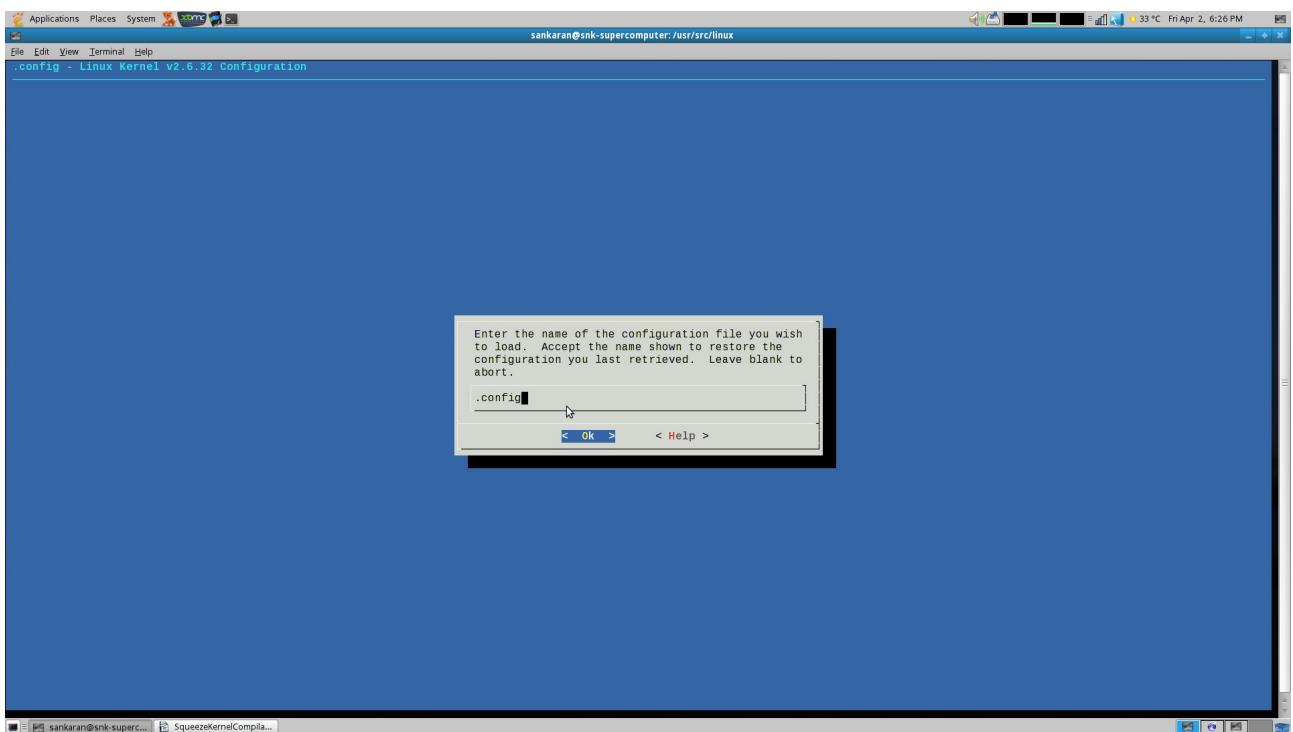
Copy the config file from existing linux kernel installed on your system

```
cp /boot/config-`uname -r` .config
```

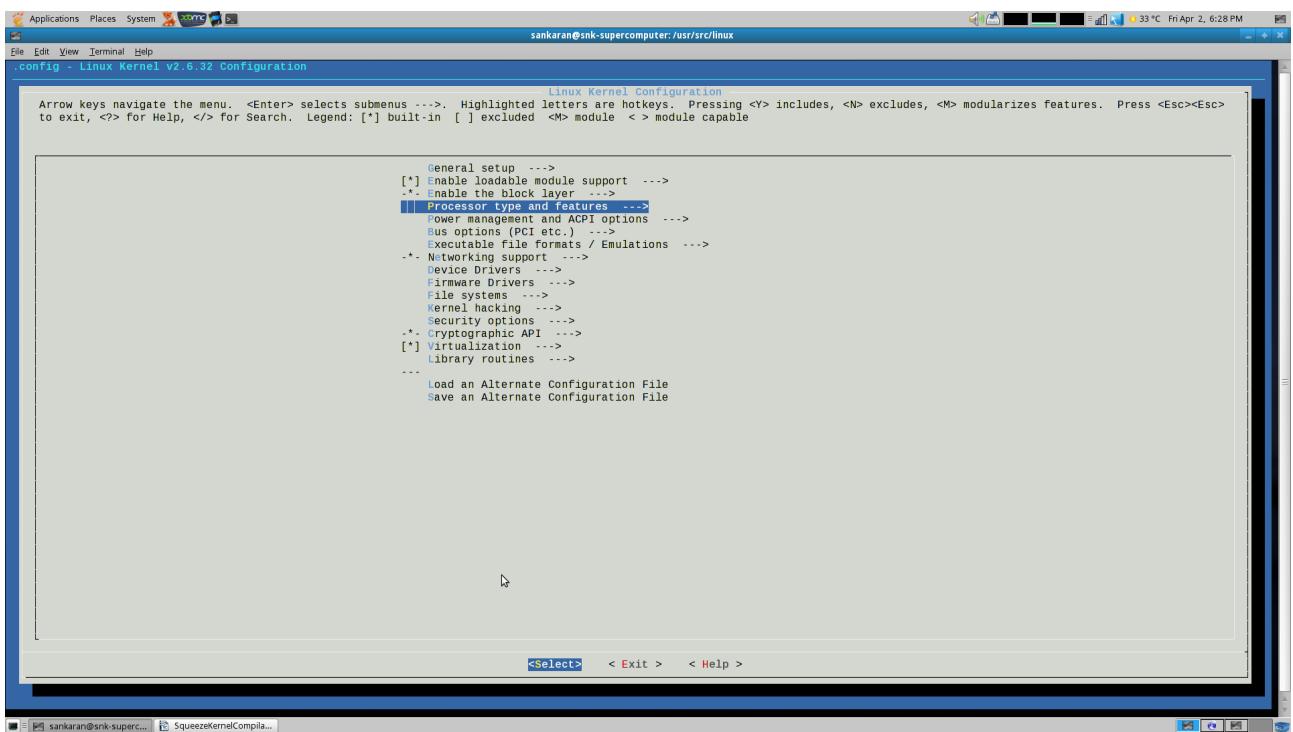
make menuconfig



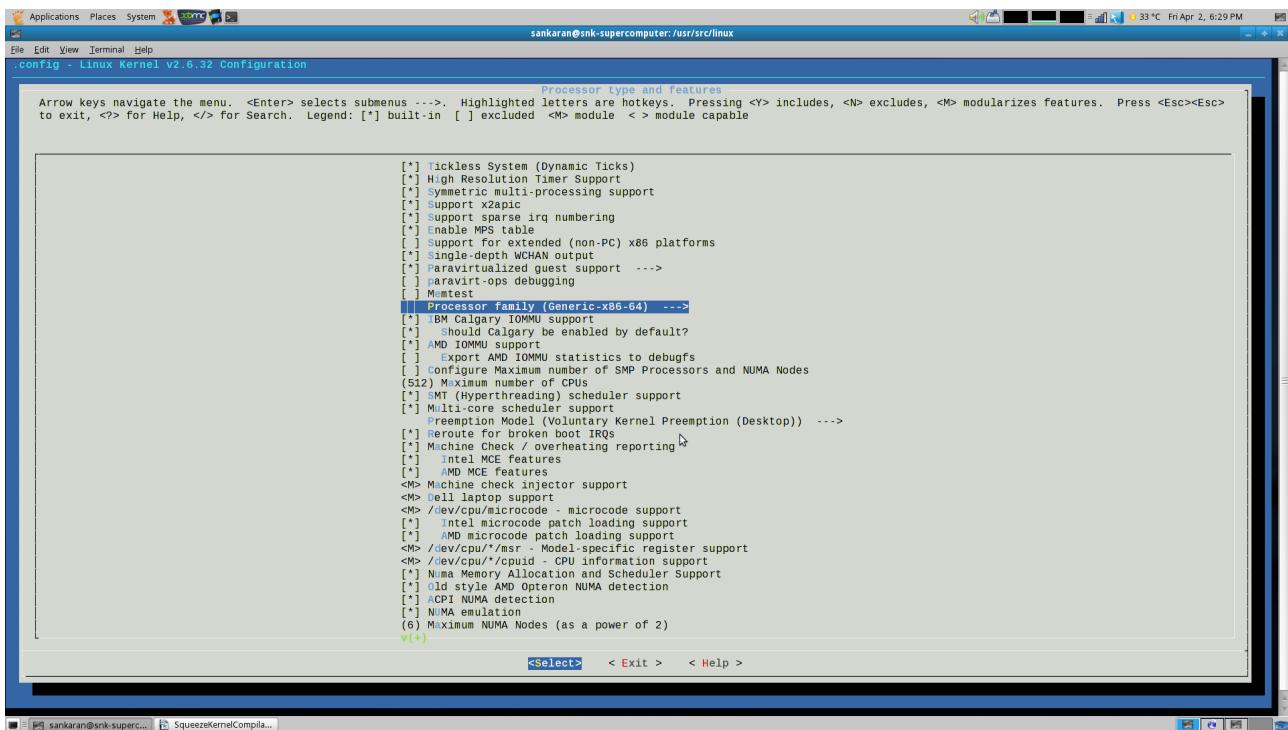
Go down to “Load an Alternate Configuration File” and load .config



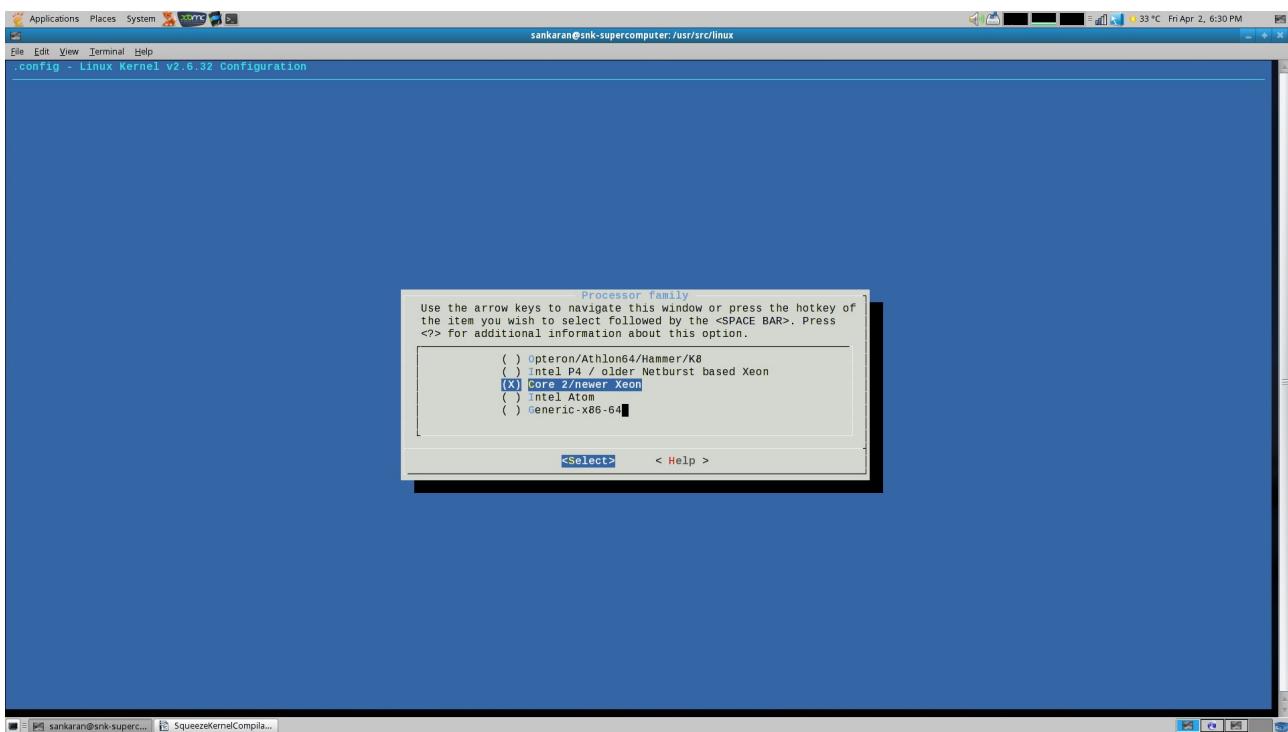
Go to “Processor type and features --->”



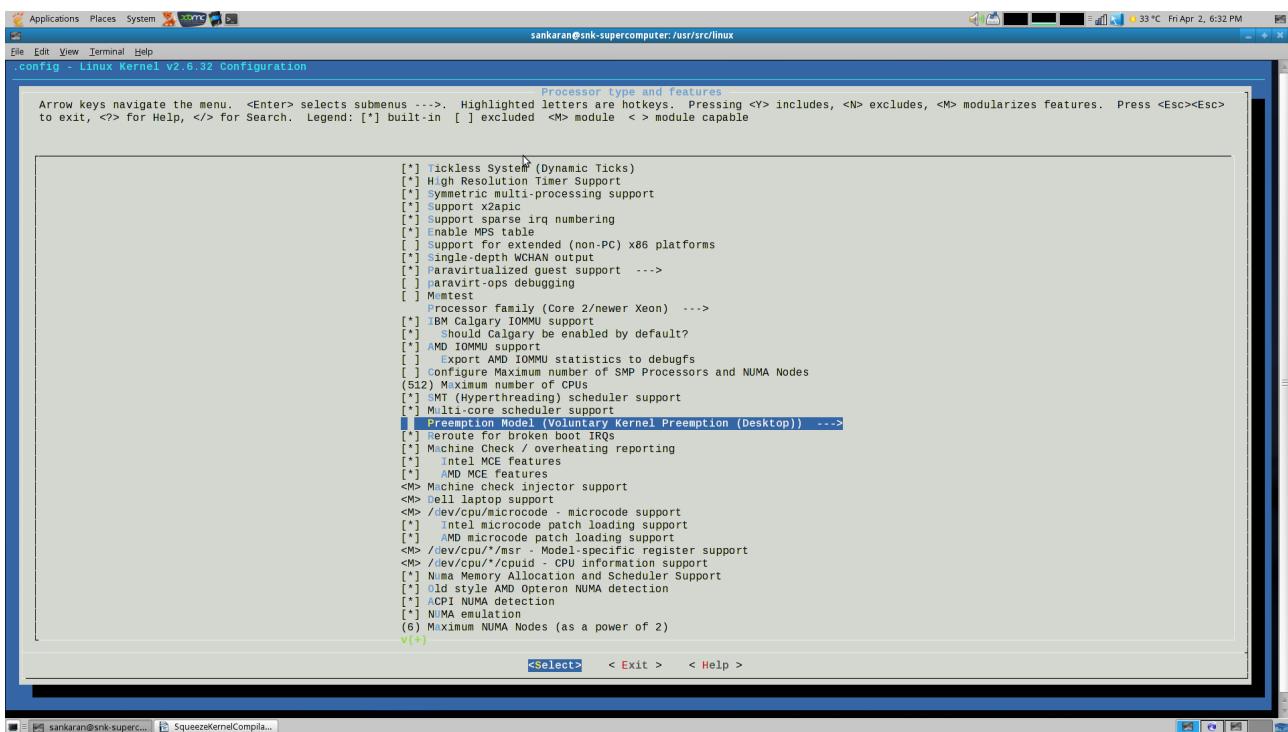
Go into “Processor family (Generic-x86-64) --->”



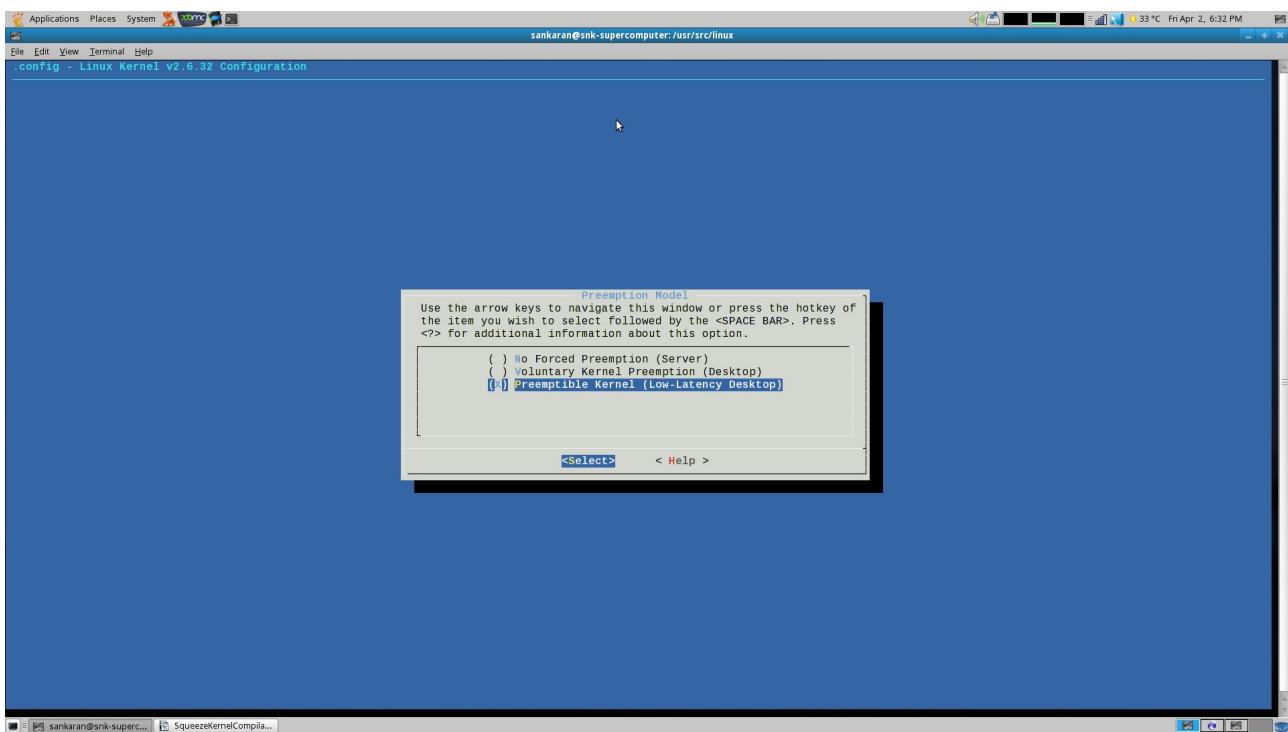
Choose “Core 2/newer Xeon”



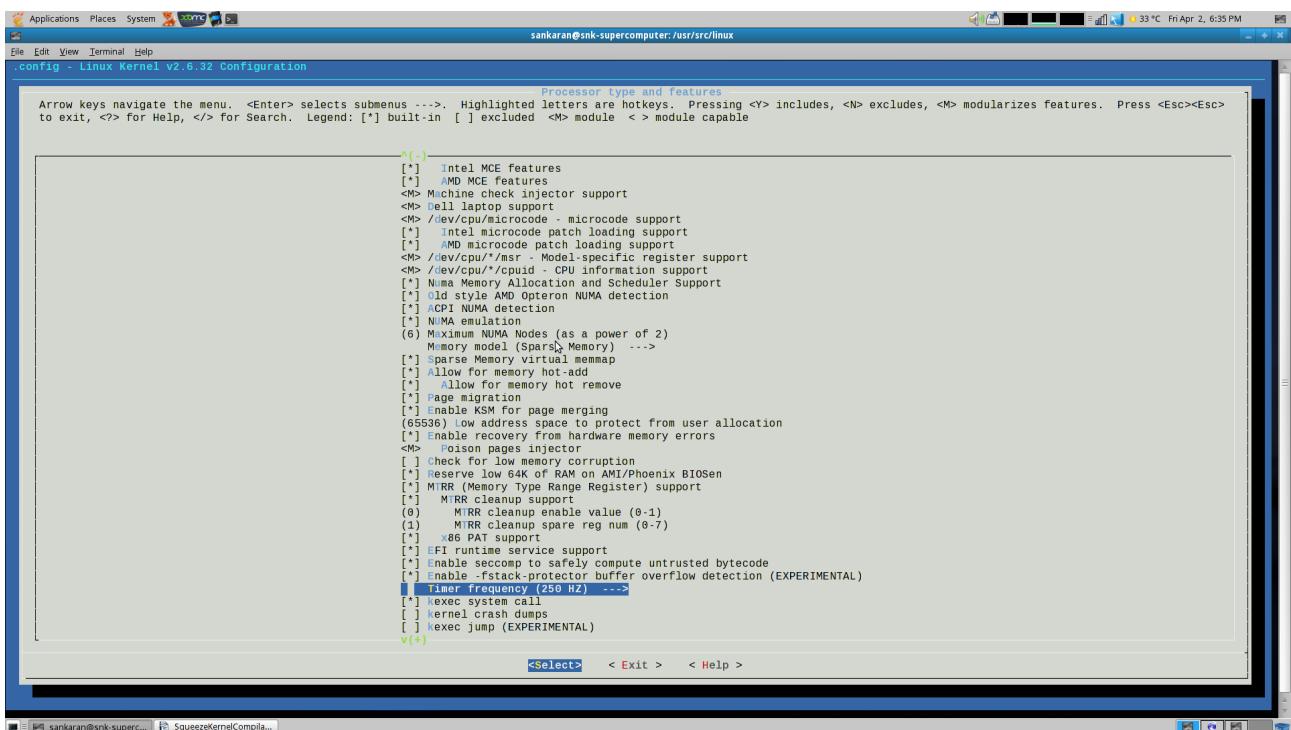
Choose “Preemption Model (Voluntary Kernel Preemption (Desktop)) --->”



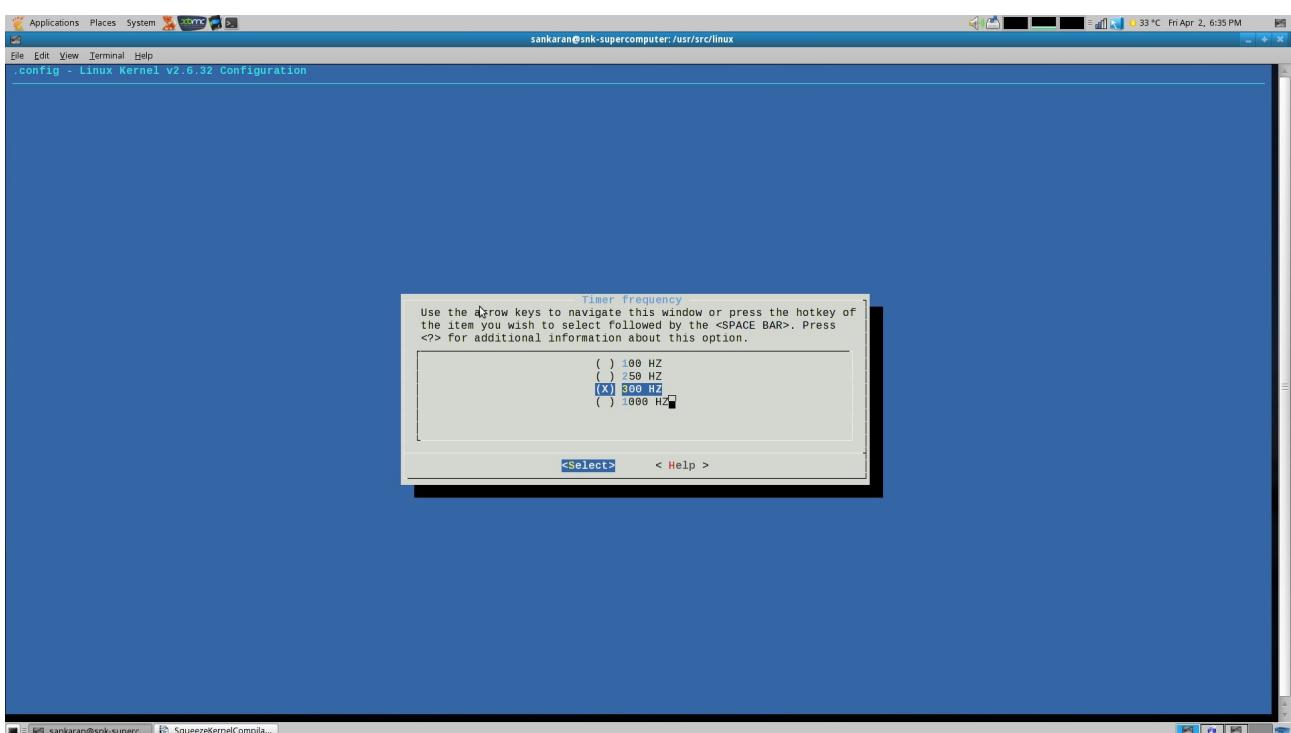
Choose “Preemptible Kernel (Low-Latency Desktop)”



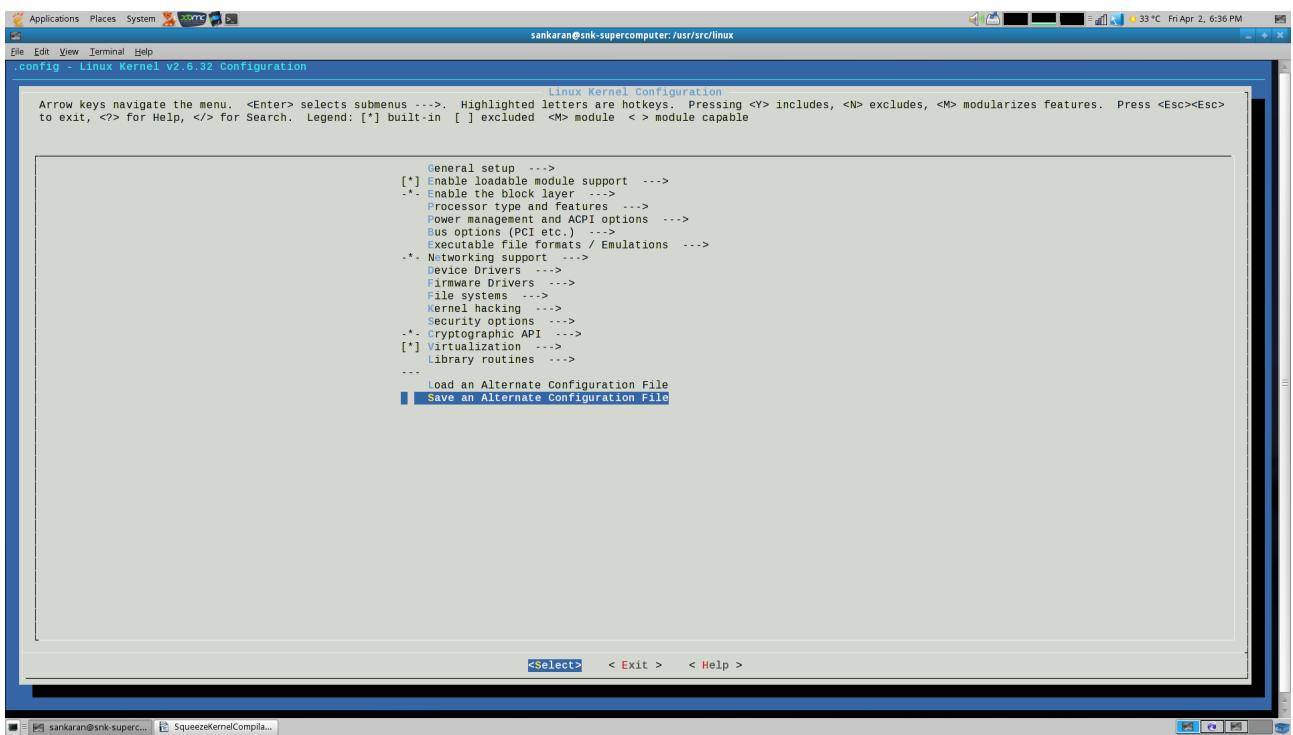
Choose “Timer frequency (250 HZ) -->”



Change frequency to “300 HZ”



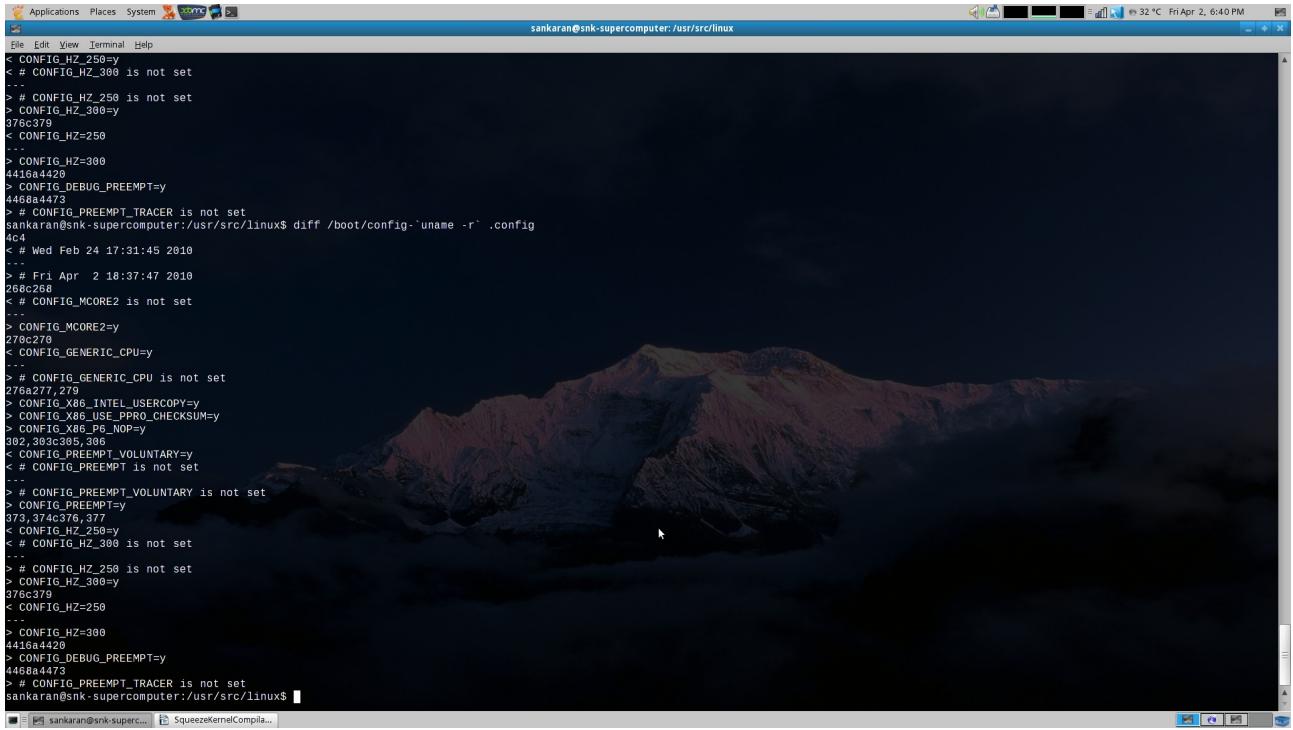
Exit out of this screen and “Select an Alternative Configuration File”



and press ok. Now exit out of the menuconfig

Cross verify the changes you did to .config file using diff

```
diff /boot/config-`uname -r` .config
```



```
sankaran@snk-supercomputer:/usr/src/linux$ diff /boot/config-`uname -r` .config
4c4
< # Wed Feb 24 17:31:45 2010
---
> # Fri Apr 2 18:37:47 2010
268c268
< # CONFIG_MCORE2 is not set
---
> CONFIG_MCORE2=y
279c279
< CONFIG_GENERIC_CPU=y
---
> # CONFIG_GENERIC_CPU is not set
278a277,279
> CONFIG_X86_INTEL_USERCOPY=y
> CONFIG_X86_USE_PPRO_CHECKSUM=y
> CONFIG_X86_P6_NOP=y
302,383c385,386
< CONFIG_PREEMPT_VOLUNTARY=y
< # CONFIG_PREEMPT is not set
---
> # CONFIG_PREEMPT_VOLUNTARY is not set
> CONFIG_PREEMPT=y
373,374c376,377
< CONFIG_HZ_250=y
< # CONFIG_HZ_300 is not set
---
> # CONFIG_HZ_250 is not set
> CONFIG_HZ_300=y
375c378
< CONFIG_HZ=250
---
> CONFIG_HZ=300
4416a4420
> CONFIG_DEBUG_PREEMPT=y
4468a4473
> # CONFIG_PREEMPT_TRACER is not set
sankaran@snk-supercomputer:/usr/src/linux$
```

Building Kernel

Compilation speedup tips

If you have a core2duo or quad core, increase the concurrency level to 2 or 4

Here I use an i7 so I set the concurrency level to 8

```
export CONCURRENCY_LEVEL=8
```

Clean

```
make-kpkg clean
```

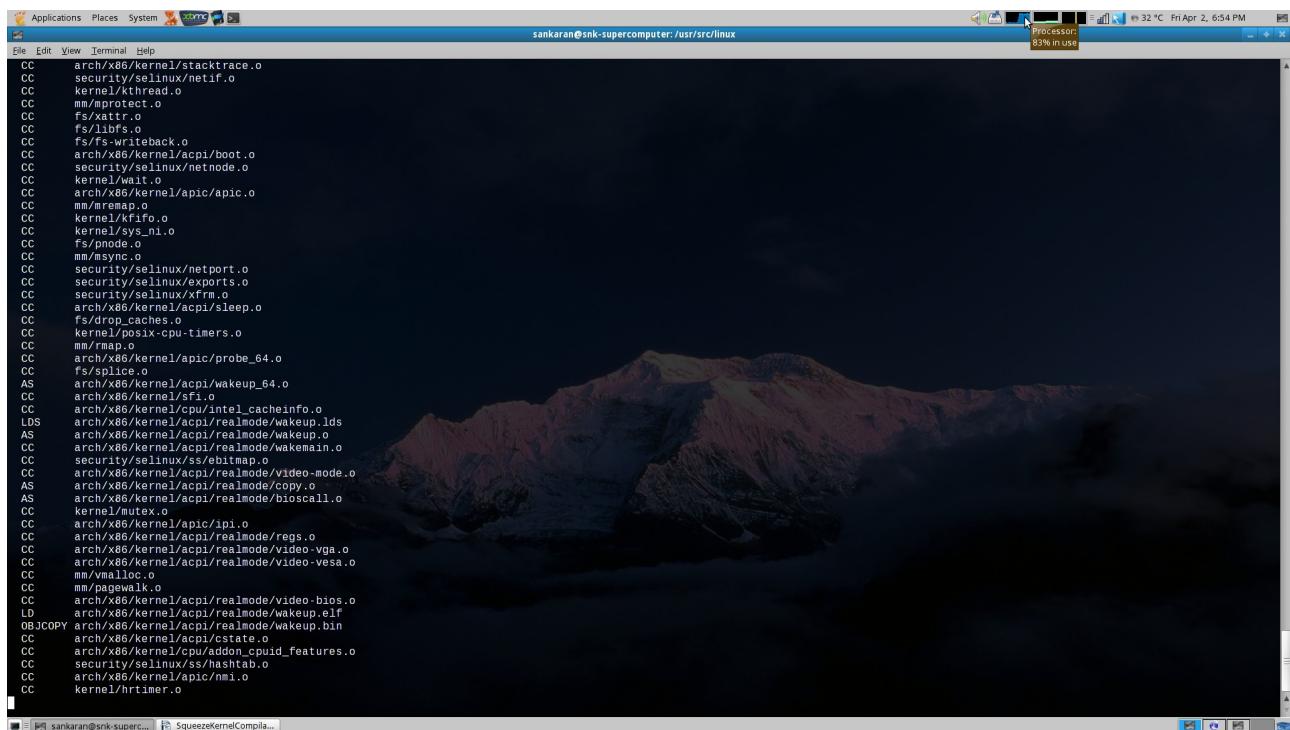
Build the kernel

```
fakeroot make-kpkg --append-to-version "<-suffix>" --revision "<revision#>"  
--us --uc --initrd kernel_image kernel_headers
```

replace **<-suffix>** with a meaningful suffix and **<revision#>** with a meaningful revision number

here I gave

```
fakeroot make-kpkg --append-to-version "-core2" --revision "1" --us --uc  
--initrd kernel_image kernel_headers
```



```
Applications Places System Home sankaran@snk-supercomputer:/usr/src/linux  
Processor: 83% in use  
File Edit View System Applications Terminal Help sankaran@snk-supercomputer:/usr/src/linux  
sankaran@snk-supercomputer:~/SqueezeKernelCompila...$ make-kpkg --append-to-version "-core2" --revision "1" --us --uc --initrd kernel_image kernel_headers  
CC arch/x86/kernel/stacktrace.o  
CC security/selinux/netif.o  
CC kernel/kthread.o  
CC mm/mprotect.o  
CC fs/xattr.o  
CC fs/libfs.o  
CC fs/fs-writeback.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/boot.o  
CC security/selinux/netnode.o  
CC kernel/kvbit.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/apic.o  
CC mm/remap.o  
CC kernel/kfifo.o  
CC kernel/sys_ni.o  
CC fs/pnode.o  
CC mm/msync.o  
CC security/selinux/netport.o  
CC security/selinux(exports.o  
CC security/selinux/xfrm.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/sleep.o  
CC ftrace/caches.o  
CC kernel posix-cpu-timers.o  
CC mm/rmap.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/probe_64.o  
CC fs/splice.o  
AS arch/x86/kernel/acpi/wakeup_64.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/sfi.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/cpu/intel_cachefifo.o  
LDS arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/wakeup_lds  
AS arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/wakeup.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/wakemain.o  
CO security/selinux/ss/hashtab.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/video-mode.o  
AS arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/copy.o  
AS arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/bioscall.o  
CC kernel/mutex.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/ipl.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/reg.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/video-vga.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/video-vesa.o  
CC mm/vmalloc.o  
CC mm/pageout.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/video-bios.o  
LD arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/wakeup.elf  
OB_JCOPY arch/x86/kernel/acpi/realmode/wakeup.bin  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/cstate.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/cpu/addon_cpuid_features.o  
CC security/selinux/ss/hashtab.o  
CC arch/x86/kernel/acpi/hmi.o  
CC kernel/hrtimer.o
```

Install newly built kernel packages

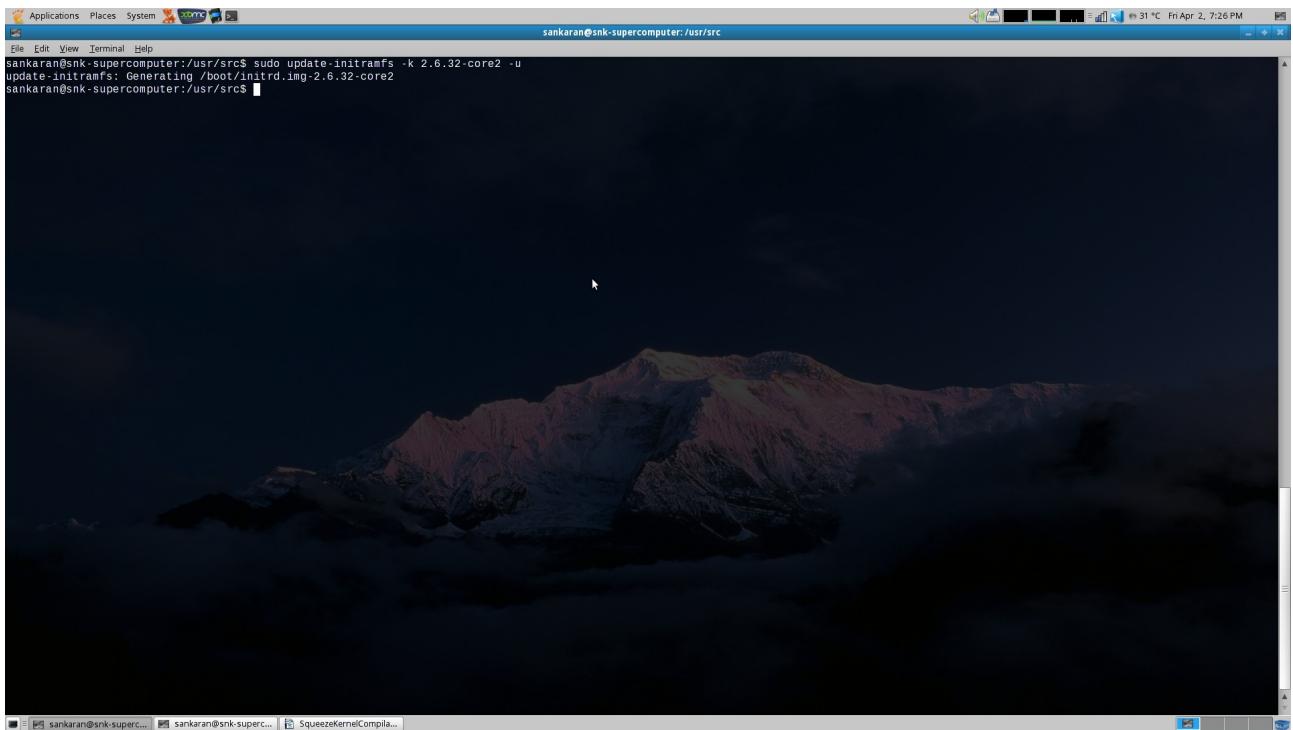
cd ..

```
sudo dpkg -i linux-image-2.6.32-core2_1_amd64.deb linux-headers-2.6.32-core2_1_amd64.deb
```

Update initramfs before rebooting into new kernel

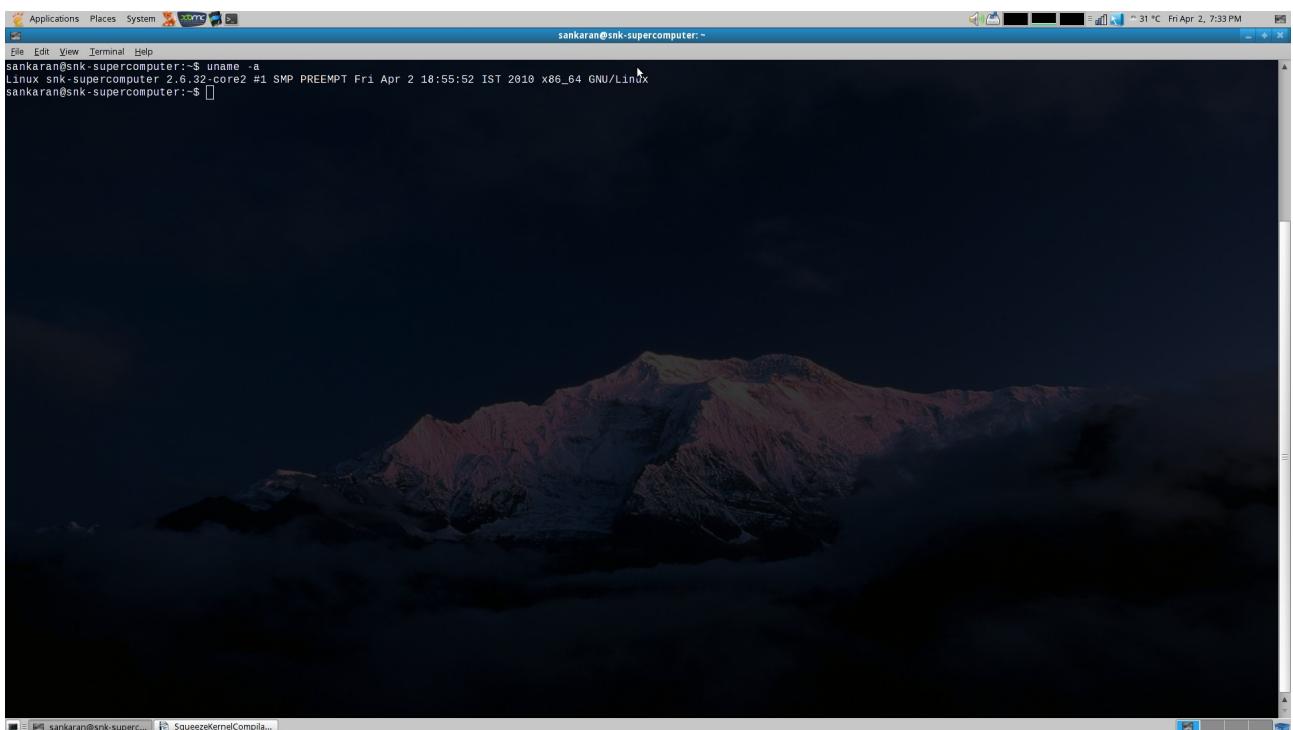
sudo update-initramfs -c -k 2.6.32-core2

the version along with version you appended earlier (here it is core2 since I appended it earlier)



Check if you are running new kernel after rebooting using uname

uname -a



Since this kernel is compiled for core2 and with preemption, it should feel more responsive

References

<http://linuxsaga.com/guide/compiling-a-new-kernel-in-debian>

<http://technowizah.com/2005/12/debian-how-to-custom-kernel-compile.html>

<http://kernel-handbook.alioth.debian.org/ch-common-tasks.html>

<http://newbiedoc.sourceforge.net/system/kernel-pkg.html#INSTALL-KERNEL-PKG>

[http://www.howtoforge.com/kernel compilation debian etch](http://www.howtoforge.com/kernel_compilation_debian_etch)